

THE CLIMAX

VOLUME I.

RICHMOND, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1887.

NUMBER 19.

THE CLIMAX.

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FRENCH TYPING.

Wm. G. WHITE, Editors.

Professional Cards.

A. Wilkes Smith, D. D. S.

OFFICE: Main street, two doors above Second.

J. C. MORGAN, D. D. S.

OFFICE: Main street, over Madison National Bank, Richmond, Ky. June 22-17.

DR. J. M. POYNTZ,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE: Second street, over Madison County Drug Store. June 22-17.

G. W. EVANS, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE: Second street, over D. P. Arner's jewelry store. June 22-17.

DR. T. J. TAYLOR,

Practitioner in Medicine and Surgery, RICHMOND, KY.

OFFICE: Second street, over Dykes' Grocery Store. June 22-17.

DR. JOHN M. FOSTER,

MAIN STREET,

Next Door to Laxson's—Up Stairs. June 22-17.

DR. PHIL ROBERTS

Offers his professional services to the public.

Office same as Bennett's law office, upstairs over Herndon's drug store, corner of Main and Second streets, Richmond, Ky. July 27-17.

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PHYSICIAN

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Hardin W. Bright A. M., M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

RICHMOND, KY.

OFFICE: Second street, over Madison County Drug Store.

I want to distinctly understand that I am the only one in Richmond that understands the Microscope and Chemistry as applied to examinations of tissues and fluids of the human body. I only mention this for honest protection. My signature will be attached to each examination. Thoroughly.

PARRISH & TURNER,

Attorneys at Law,

RICHMOND, KY.

Special attention given to abstracting titles to lands in Eastern Kentucky.

Office in CLIMAX building, S. E. Corner Main and Second Streets, up stairs. June 22-17.

E. T. BURNAM,

Attorney at Law,

RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

OFFICE with C. F. & A. R. Burnam, on First Street. June 22-17.

J. A. SULLIVAN,

Attorney at Law,

RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

OFFICE on First Street, same as formerly occupied by County Judge Miller. Oct. 15-17.

T. J. SCOTT,

Attorney at Law,

RICHMOND, KY.

Office on Second Street. June 22-17.

C. S. POWELL,

Attorney at Law,

RICHMOND, KY.

Office on Second Street. June 22-17.

A. J. REED,

Attorney at Law.

Will practice in Madison and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

Office in Master Commissioner's office, over Circuit Clerk's office. June 22-17.

SEEDS.

GRASS AND FIELD

Largest and most complete stock in Central Kentucky. Our motto: Best Goods and Lowest consistent Prices.

P. CARROLL,

77 and 79 W. Main St., Lexington, Ky. Dec. 22-17.

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

INSURANCE.

J. SPEED SMITH, Agent,

RICHMOND, KY.

Sells, rents or exchanges all kinds of Real Estate on reasonable terms, and represents first-class Fire and Life Insurance Companies.

Office in J. C. Lytle's Clothing Store. June 22-17.

Do you want pure drugs and the best brands of tobacco and cigars? You can find them at J. J. Brooks.

June 22-17.

Salubria Water brought direct from St. Charles Springs, Mich. Kept only by J. C. Hughes.

OPINIONS OF OTHER EDITORS.

STRANGELY SIGNIFICANT.

Delaware Gazette.

For the twenty-second time the non-partisan Grand Army has elected a Republican chief. "It merely happens so," they say.

EVEN THE REPUBLICAN PAPERS KICK.

New Orleans States.

Foraker's story about being snubbed by Mrs. Cleveland has disgusted even The Republican papers. They declare that they have had enough of it.

MAKING MANY FRIENDS.

Port Jervis Evening Gazette.

The President is making a most favorable impression all along the line of the western trip, and it is safe to predict that the western delegation will be solid for his re-nomination in 1888.

FULFILLED EXPECTATION.

Courier.

The Democratic State Convention has fulfilled the expectations of its constituents. It has adopted sound platform and nominated one of the best and strongest tickets ever submitted to the voters of the State.

THE SORT OF FIGHT WHICH WINS.

St. Louis Republican.

Both in Massachusetts and Ohio Democrats are making a fight to win squarely on Democratic principles without shuffling or evasion. In ninety-nine out of a hundred this kind of a fight to win means a winning fight.

TRICKY REPUBLICANS.

Schenectady Evening Star.

It is very queer to hear Republicans denounce Democrats free as traders, while at the same time the Republicans abroad are helping with all their might the George combine that is opposed to all tariff duties.

AND ECHO ANSWERED "PANIC."

Galveston News.

It may be worth nothing that Mr. Blaine recently said that nothing but a money panic would spoil Cleveland's chance for a re-election. The next day after this remark was printed the New York Tribune gave up panic. It has kept up the cry ever since.

PLAIN SPEECH OF NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

Washington Post.

Upon the question of the surplus and the tariff convention of any party in any State has been so clear and decided as that of the New York Democrats as other Democrats have expressed their opinions in general terms, but nobody outside the convention of New York Democrats has so settled down to the facts of the case and given us an idea of the ways in which reform is necessary.

BLAINE.

New York Star.

Some of the friends of Blaine are endeavoring to introduce prohibition as a national issue, notwithstanding the attitude asserted by their candidate not long ago when it served his purpose to treat it as a purely local question. But if any political capital is to be made by shifting his ground, the inconsistency will not in the least affect the course of the Maine politician.

THE UNITED DEMOCRACY.

Oswego Palladium.

The Democracy has not in many years been so thoroughly united as now. Tammany Hall and the County Democracy, the two great organizations of New York City which have heretofore been at war, are now thoroughly united. The President and the Governor are in hearty accord, and there is a manifest determination to hold New York firmly in the Democratic column for the next year.

JACOB SHARP.

New York Star.

The law and the lawyers are about through with Mr. Jacob Sharp, and the broken down old man is now handed over to the doctors, who will determine if he has enough life left to serve the State in Sing Sing. The ferocity with which the press has persecuted the crime of bribe-giving can safely be abated now, in the face of this awful example that hovers between the cell and the grave.

GEORGE WOULD SUBSTITUTE CHINESE.

Schenectady Star.

Three million women in the United States work for money. Of these 600,000 are agricultural laborers, mainly in the cotton fields of the South, 640,000 are employed in manufactures, while 530,000 in the laundries of the country insist that the "Chinese must go." 250,000 are milliners, and 200,000 find employment as dressmakers; 60,000 earn their bread in tailor shops and 690,000 are saleswomen, teachers, telegraph operators, type writers, bookkeepers, type setters and nurses. There are 2,500 female physicians.

HOW COLONEL GRANT SHOULD RISE.

New York Register.

Hereditary government was abolished in this country one hun-

dred years ago, and the father of Colonel Grant achieved a great name by leading to victory the mighty armies of the North who were fighting for the freedom of an enslaved people, but he left no claim upon future generations but that of admiration and gratitude for the greatness and patriotism of his genius. Colonel Grant's claim for the office of Secretary of State should be based upon Colonel Grant's fitness for the position, and not upon his father's fitness to command a mighty army. As General Grant rose to high places so should his son, by the ability which rests within himself and not in another.

NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

The Baltic cotton mill, Connecticut, burned. Loss, \$1,250,000.

Pulaski, Tennessee, had a \$50,000 fire on Saturday, originating in a lively stable.

The French steamship Britannia arrived at New York Wednesday, having on board four cases of cholera.

A bronze equestrian statue of Gen. George C. Meade was unveiled in Fairmount Park, Philadelphia, Wednesday.

At a recent fire in Hankow, China, one thousand lives were lost and property valued at \$3,000,000 destroyed.

Miss Carrie Worthington, daughter of Congressman Worthington of Illinois, fell from a steamer at Peoria and was drowned.

Timothy Brothers, dealers in dry goods and boots and shoes, Nashville, made an assignment, the liabilities being \$201,000.

The Shakespeare memorial fountain, presented to the town of Stratford-on-Avon by Mr. George W. Childs, was dedicated last week.

Mrs. Annie Lachs, who threw a panicle at Mrs. Cleveland while the presidential party was in the fair grounds at St. Louis, was fined \$50 in the Police Court.

The Sprague Cotton Mills at Battie, Conn., burned Friday. Loss one and a half million dollars. Nine hundred hands are out of employment. Insurance, \$275,000.

There are now registered in the general office at Plainfield, N. J., nearly 2,100 local circles of the C. L. S. C. The aggregate membership of the several classes is over 100,000.

A convention of representatives of the various agricultural colleges and experiment stations of the several States met in the library of the Department of Agriculture at Washington Wednesday.

A feature of the Grand Lodge now in session in this city is the presence of Mr. Collins Fitch, the oldest Mason in Kentucky. Mr. Fitch has been a member of the order sixty-seven years.—Courier-Journal.

Of the seven desperadoes who robbed and murdered Rev. Mr. Ryan, Roane county, W. Va., last Thursday night, three have been effectually disposed of by the citizens, and the others will go the same way when caught.

Rev. R. DeBaptiste, Secretary of Colored Baptist National Convention, reports 26 colleges, 36 papers, 1,155,486 members; church property \$3,057,571, contributions to educational and religious work, \$301,795.14.

The manuscript of the original ordinance of secession issued by the State of Virginia has been sold by Mrs. Charles Ballis, of Worthington, Minn., in whose possession it was, to George H. Trade-well, of the G. A. R., for \$1,000.

On an island in the Pacific ocean where mail is received but once a year, three missionaries are taking the C. L. S. C. course. They have persevered for three years in spite of the delays in receiving books and examination papers, and expect to graduate in 1888.

A ghastly discovery was that of Capt. Lawson, of the schooner Herman, Boston, Gloucester, Mass. While fishing off the Grand Banks, Newfoundland, September 20, he fell in with a French sloop water-logged. On boarding her, he found the bodies of ten men, who had evidently been drowned in the cabin.

John Jenkins is to be tried during the present term of the Franklin Circuit Court for the murder of James Daily in 1883. He has had several trials—in the first there was a hung jury; in the second he was found guilty and sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the penitentiary, and secured a reversal from the Court of Appeals; in the third he got a life sentence and a second reversal, and now he faces the music for a fourth time.

Somebody thinks he has discovered a Confederate flag among Atlanta's decorations in honor of President Cleveland. Perhaps it is the same Scotch-Canadian correspondent who is following the President over the country, and who telegraphed to his paper in Chicago that a Confederate flag was displayed in Memphis, but who was compelled to correct his dispatch the next day and ac-

knowledge that it was an old Colonial flag. It isn't everybody who would know a Confederate flag nowadays if he were to see one.—Courier-Journal.

A New York telegram says: Miss Frances Isabel Morris, only daughter of Mr. John A. Morris, proprietor of the Louisiana Lottery, was married at noon today in the West Presbyterian church, in Forty-second street, to Mr. Thurlow Weed Barnes, a grandson of the late Thurlow Weed. Owing to the illness of the bride's grandmother, the ceremony was performed in this city instead of at Mr. Morris' country place in Westchester. The Rev. Dr. B. M. Palmer, of New Orleans, performed the ceremony. Among those in the church were Generals William T. Sherman, Benneburg, Homes and Hood, of New Orleans; Mr. A. Heuser, of Kentucky, uncle of the bride, and Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lorillard. Miss Morris was born in New Orleans about twenty-two years ago. She has dark hair and is a beautiful woman. Her presents were many and costly. The employees in her father's office in New Orleans sent a chest containing a solid silver dinner service. From her father she received a check for \$10,000 and a handsomely furnished residence at Bar Harbor.

ELDER GANO.

Elder John Allen Gano died at his residence near Centerville, Bourbon county, aged eighty-two years. He was one of the pioneer preachers of the Christian Church in this State, and assisted Barton W. Stone and others in the great revivals at Cane Ridge.

Elder Gano was one of the founders of the Reformed, or Christian Church, which began its existence at Cane Ridge, nearly sixty years ago, and now has a membership of more than a million in the United States. He was a co-worker with Barton W. Stone, Alexander Campbell and other noted divines. He was one of the most powerful speakers and revivalists in his day that the State has ever known, and his loss will be mourned in nearly every household in the country.

Elder Gano was born in Georgetown, Scott county, Ky., July 14, 1805, and October 2, 1827, married Miss Catherine Conn, the only daughter of Capt. William Conn, of Bourbon county, who survives him. By their union they were blessed with nine children, among whom is Gen. R. M. Gano, of Dallas Texas, who is also a minister of the Christian Church.

The deceased for the past thirty years has been connected with the ministry, only having been pastor of two churches in Bourbon county, to each of which he has preached consecutively during his entire ministry.

LEXINGTON RACES.

FIRST DAY.

First race—Blue-grass stakes for 4-year-olds: Hinder Wilkes, ch. c., by Red Wilkes; dam by Manahoe Patchen, winner. Time, 2:24, 2:30, 2:35.

Second race—Special stakes for 2-year-olds: Bell Boy, br. c., by Electioneer; dam by the Moor, winner. Time, 2:24, 2:30.

Third race—233 class: Abel, b. g., by Messenger Chief; dam by Gill's Vermont, winner. Time, 2:25, 2:30, 2:35.

SECOND DAY.

First race—233 class: Roxie McGregg, c. m., by Follet McGregg; dam by Romulus, winner. Time, 2:24, 2:30, 2:35.

Second race—Kentucky stakes for 3-year-olds: Chimes, br. c., by Electioneer; dam by Thinner, winner. Time, 2:24, 2:30, 2:35.

Third race—Stallion stake for 230 class: General Wilkes, c. h., by George Wilkes; dam by Paecek, winner. Time, 2:24, 2:30, 2:35.

THIRD DAY.

First race—Special stake for 3-year-olds: Mamie Wood, f. f., by Wood's Hambletonian, dam Magnolia, winner. Time, 2:25, 2:30, 2:35.

Second race—Three minute class: Gen. Wilkes, gr. h., by George Wilkes; dam by Paecek, winner. Time, 2:24, 2:30, 2:35.

Third race—Ashland stakes for yearlings: Hambrino Bismarck, b. c., by Victor Von Bismarck, dam by Elze-water, winner. Time, 2:40.

FOURTH DAY.

First race—Free-for-all, purse \$1,000: Prince Wilkes, ch. g., by Red Wilkes; dam by Brown Chief, winner. Time, 2:15, 2:19, 2:24.

Second race—Lexington stakes for 3-year-olds: Walkover for Bell Boy. Third race—217 class: Wilkes-irum, br. h., by Hambleton, dam by George Wilkes, winner. Time, 2:24, 2:28, 2:33.

FIFTH DAY.

First race—Stallion stakes for 220 class: Princeton, br. h., by Princess, dam by Hambletonian, winner. Time, 2:24, 2:28, 2:33.

Second race—Stallion Produce stakes for 3-year-olds: Hourli, winner. Time, 2:19.

Third race—225 class: Prince Edward, b. h., by King Rene, dam by Japhet, winner. Time, 2:24, 2:28, 2:33.

Gov. Buckner has appointed as delegates to the Centennial Exposition of the Ohio Valley and Central States, to be held in Cincinnati July, 1888, Messrs. John R. Procter, Thomas E. Moss, John F. Jager, Matt Walton, M. J. King, R. B. C. Hemmigray, Frank P. Helm and Young E. Allison.

WHITE-OAK TIMBER.

Among the valuable resources of Kentucky her white-oak timber is not the least by any means. Indeed, Kentucky white-oak is becoming as famous as Kentucky-silk or Kentucky-whisky. And in quantity it is equal to that of any State in the Union according to number of square miles. Millions of dollars worth of white-oak timber from Kentucky is annually shipped across the ocean, mostly in staves, though to some extent in other forms. Louisville is the great center of this white-oak lumber market—the "base of operations," as it were. A number of firms here handle this class of lumber extensively and exclusively, and ship immense amounts every year. The business, too, is increasing, and has grown wonderfully in the last decade, doubling, perhaps, in the last five years.

WYTHE AT CHAUTAUQUA.

The Jamestown (N. Y.) Journal says: The Rev. Dr. Wythe, one of the principal figures in the early history of Chautauqua, has been assigned to the Chautauqua cause by the M. E. conference. He is in addition thereto will have charge of the models of Jerusalem and the Holy Land, which are easily in need of expert attention. He will be engaged in the art departments of the Chautauqua university. Dr. Wythe is pleased in returning to Chautauqua and to be a very valuable aid in maintaining and advancing the great institution.

THE GRAVE ON THE MOUNTAIN.

We extract the following from the Kennesaw Gazette, published at Atlanta, Ga.:

DALTON, GA., Sept. 14th, 1887.

Editor Kennesaw Gazette.

DRAFTS.—The old fort on top of the mountain to the left of the W. & A. R. R., going north, through Mill Creek Gap, is in fine state of preservation. Near the fort are several Confederate graves. On one the following inscription now plainly appears in red printed letters on a light board:

GEORGE DUNSEY,

Co. K, 4th Ky. Inf., C. S. A.

Killed at Rocky Face, May 9th, 1864.

It is possible, if published in your paper, that this item may reach some of his friends.

Respectfully,

F. T. HARDWICK.

Gov. Buckner has refused to grant a pardon to George C. Buchanan, formerly of Louisville, but now a resident in Canada. Buchanan is under six indictments, in the Jefferson Circuit Court, for violation of the laws in relation to warehouse receipts. The Governor refuses to pardon him in advance of a trial and conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction. He claims "it is only in exceptional cases that this extraordinary power of the Executive should be exercised before the courts shall have had an opportunity of deciding upon the guilt or innocence of an accused party." He has the lines of a convicting judge. He accused has placed himself beyond the reach, both of the courts and of the Executive, and defeated all legitimate interference by persisting in his absence. To exercise the power under such circumstances would be to defeat the ends of justice.

A Long Island man dug a grave near a highway on his farm, and when a neighbor half came along he shot her and buried her body. When her husband came along he was shot, but only wounded. He had the man put in jail.

Rev. Mr. Candler preached a sermon in Nashville, against theatres and those who attend them. At the close, Emma Abbott, the famous actress, who was in the audience arose and delivered a ringing rebuke to the pastor, defending her profession.

The first game for the baseball championship of the world was played at St. Louis Friday by the club of that city, champions of the Association, and the Detroit, champions of the League, in a game ending in a tie. St. Louis won by a score of 6 to 1.

A Chicago Telegram says: The capital of the Pullman Palace Car Company, already at the enormous total of \$15,920,000, was today increased 25 per cent, making the aggregate amount in round numbers nearly \$20,000,000. This action was taken at the annual meeting of the company which was held here today. Between eleven and twelve million dollars of the capital stock was represented. Examination of the financial statement showed the surplus for the year to be \$1,550,881. The increase of stock was recommended by President Geo. M. Pullman, who stated it to be for the purpose of "providing the capital required to meet the cost of additional equipment and for further extension in the near future."

Local Produce Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY COVINGTON, ARNOLD & BROS., GROCERS, IRVINE STREET, RICHMOND, KY.

RICHMOND, KY., Oct. 22, 1887.

Beef Cattle, Butcher..... 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2

Hogs..... 10 @ 11

Sugar Cured Ham..... 13 @ 14

Bacon Ham—Country..... 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2

Cured..... 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2

Butter..... 14 @ 15

Chicken..... 10 @ 11

Eggs..... 12 @ 13

Flour..... 5 @ 6

Corn per bushel..... 25 @ 26

Oats in sheaf..... 12 @ 13

Choice blue grass seed..... 10 @ 11

Red top seed..... 8 @ 9

Sweet Potatoes..... 1 @ 2

THE CLIMAX.

FRENCH TIPTON, Wm. G. WHITE.
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1887.

The Minneapolis Tribune has apologized for the insult offered Mrs. Cleveland.

People who are afraid of "cold snaps" will be granted to learn that a signal service officer is to be stationed at St. Paul for the purpose of keeping a lookout for "cold waves" and reporting them.

The President has returned to Washington from his tour of the West and South. He won the people wherever he went. In no place was he more royally received than in St. Louis, and no man in that city was more prominent in the demonstrations than Mayor David Rowland Francis. Mr. Francis is going to be Governor of Missouri.

The national convention of the Knights of Labor, after a two weeks' session in Minneapolis, adjourned on last Wednesday to meet next year in Indianapolis. The most noteworthy feature of the meeting was the prompt and thorough manner in which the Anarchist element was crushed. The perilous position of the seven condemned Anarchists in Chicago made the Anarchist element more cautious. They need all the aid and sympathy they can summon, and in the national assembly of Knights steered clear of any complicity with the Anarchists. The Knights have concluded that the most proper thing for them to do would be to resort to reason at all times—not force. Contracts, well observed, are to form the basis of most of their operations. Strikes, boycotts, disturbing of laborers who wish to work, and other heretofore recognized modes of procedure are no longer to be contemplated. They have struck the proper principle, and the organization will be of lasting good to the working men.

THE GENTLEMAN FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

Hon. William D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, the noted high-tariff politician, who has acquired the rather rugged sobriquet of "Pig Iron," made Winchester a visit on his return from Louisville, and, judging from what we hear on the outside, found in the young embryo Pittsburg, over the way, too many ready listeners to his pet theory. The Sun says of his visit:

"Judge W. D. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, was met at the depot by Mayor John E. Garner and Hon. T. G. Stuart, these gentlemen having been selected as a reception committee at a meeting of citizens at Judge Beckner's office on the same afternoon. The Judge was taken to the Rees House, where the best apartments had been reserved for them. Several citizens called in the evening to make the acquaintance of the distinguished visitor. On Thursday morning he was taken a drive out to see Benick's Shorthorns. In the evening a most elegant tea was given by Judge and Mrs. Beckner at their elegant suburban home. A large and representative audience greeted the Judge at the Hall and his shrewd humor, arguments, were greeted with roars of applause. After the close of the Judge's speech, Gen. John S. Williams made an appropriate talk that was heartily received. Friday at 11:30 the Judge and wife lunched with Mr. and Mrs. Mayor Garner and took the 1 o'clock train for the east."

Richmond was remembered in the persons of a chosen few, who were invited over to meet the distinguished guest, but owing to various causes there were no responses in person. The telegram of invitation was as follows:

"To French Tipton, Richmond, Ky.
You, Governor McCreary, Senator Bennett, Senator Harris, Stone Walker, Major Burnam, J. B. Burnam and C. D. Chennault are invited to hear Judge Kelley speak at the Opera House tonight."
(Signed) "The Committee."

You can already see Winchester adjusting her little wings for a high-tariff flight, provided that road is built to the mountains. It is always thus. General Hancock was right when he proclaimed, during the presidential canvass, that the tariff question was a local issue. Wherever you find iron, factories, rice, or sugar, you find the high-tariff idea.

Soon as Richmond gets her road to the mountains, and foundries, forges, factories, and similar institutions begin to grow in and around Richmond, the high-tariff idea will inaugurate a little boom. Mr. Kelley was delighted with Kentucky as a place of residence and as a locality for paying investments. "I believe," said he, "that in the next decade there will be an influx of population, capital, and industry to Kentucky such as no State in the Union has seen at any one time except during the discovery of gold in California. Within two or three years you will have railroad lines constructed that will put Kentucky fairly on the highway of the lines of emigration, and, with the marvelous natural resources of the State and its extraordinary agricultural advantages, it is destined to support an enormous population and to develop faster than any other Western or Southern State. The fact is the people of the East have an extraordinary idea of the enlightenment, prosperity and wealth of Kentucky. I have seen no country in the world where the farms are finer, the home comforts more plentiful and the people more highly cultivated than in Kentucky. It has been of the greatest interest and profit to me to make this trip, and I shall never have the impression effaced as long as I live."

CONFLAGRATIONS, WOODEN HOUSES AND CISTERS.

(Continued.)

There is an old adage which says: "Tools only can learn nothing from experience." The question now is are the people and council of Richmond to have this saying truthfully applied to them. We have had within a few years a number of very destructive fires. One destroyed nearly every factory in the town, and so crippled financially a number of good citizens that they never recovered. The last fire destroyed sixty thousand dollars worth of property, but fortunately for the town the citizens burned out are able to rebuild. Richmond is naturally through lack of water as badly prepared to fight a fire as any town in Kentucky. Rates of insurance are lower than in almost any of the surrounding cities and towns. Some may say then carry full insurance and when a fire comes you are safe; but this is not true. No honest man is made whole by insurance, for several reasons: 1st all first class Insurance Companies wish to carry only about three-fourths of the actual cash value of the property insured. 2nd It costs considerable money to carry full insurance waiting for a fire, and very few citizens are able to do so. 3rd If the property is insured for full value, which ought never to be the case, the owner loses either the use or rent of building until it can be replaced, and suffers necessarily great inconvenience. But let us come to the point at issue. There are certain things we can do which are good safe-guards. We need and should have a number of good fire cisters in the business portion of the town. One or two ought to be made on Main Street above Second. Another at corner Second and Irvine Street. One on Main below First. These improvements would not cost much and would be of great benefit in dry weather, as well as in case of fire. There is plenty of roofing to keep these cisters filled at each point named. Another precaution is to prohibit the erection of any building in any block which may endanger that block, or any part of it, if such buildings are erected so far out they ought to be torn away. No man has any right to endanger the property of his neighbor, if he is willing to risk his own. Now there is not a building from the one occupied by J. S. Collins to the one occupied by J. C. Lyter which has not in its rear a frame structure, and if any of these buildings should catch fire and burn, only the kindness or Providence would save that block, as well as the one opposite. This same complaint can be made in regard to First Street. Nearly every building there has a frame structure in its rear. Richmond has been long noted for its handsome business buildings, and it is the duty of the city council to take every precaution to preserve them. The cost of these improvements would be trifling, and the money paid in taxes would be saved thus overpaying out insurance premiums and fines. Moreover, if these improvements should be neglected, it could not be said of the next fire as it was of the last. It was just as everybody expected. This fire had been predicted for years by all business as well as insurance men, and it originated just where it was looked for.

NEWS PARAGRAPHS.

A statue of Abraham Lincoln has been put in position at the entrance of Lincoln Park, Chicago.

In a speech at Nottingham England, Mr. Gladstone strongly condemned the revival of the phantom of protection in England.

Hector Talbot, son of A. J. Talbot, of Lexington, was accidentally killed by Marlow Brown, son of Marlow Brown, while out hunting.

Henry Shattuck, aged seventy-four years, killed his wife, and then committed suicide at Louisville, Pa. They had been married only a year.

Gen. B. F. Butler has been retained as counsel in the Chicago Anarchist cases. He will receive a retainer fee of \$1,200 and the modest consideration of \$250 a day.

Ellis Clements who was injured in the railroad collision at Kent, Ind., has brought suit for \$10,000 damages against the Chicago and Atlantic Railroad Company.

Fifteen thousand visitors were present in Paducah on last Wednesday at a reunion of the "Blue and the Gray." Among the speakers were Thomas E. Moss, G. A. C. Holt, Governor Beckner, E. D. Johnson, Sam E. Hill, C. T. Allen, W. J. Stone.

A trial in New York developed the fact that there is an Anarchist club which makes a business of setting fire to houses on commission from owners who desire to obtain insurance money. A member of the club was found guilty of incendiarism.

The Masonic Grand Lodge of Kentucky elected officers as follows: J. S. Smith, Lexington, Grand Master; James D. Black, Barbourville, Deputy Grand Master; W. A. Clark, Harrodsburg, Grand Scribe; W. A. Clark, Harrodsburg, Grand Scribe; Charles H. Fisk, Covington, Grand Junior Warden.

The proposition to subscribe \$15,000 to the capital stock of the Paris, Georgetown and Frankfort railroad, now before the voters of that county, will, it is reported, be authorized by a great many of the heaviest tax payers in the Kentucky Central and Chesapeake and Ohio railroads.

The announcement was made at Camp Sheridan, Chicago, at the close of dress parade, that the first prize of \$3,200 to cash and \$500 in gold medals had been awarded to the Louisville Legion for the most perfect tactical drill during the encampment.

A boy aged 17 years shot three times and instantly killed his stepfather at a church door in Chicago, Sunday morning, in the presence of an assembling congregation. On Sunday night in Jeffersonville, Indiana, a man was called to his door and shot dead. All this was shot in the benighted and bloody South.

The new Southern Baptist Theological Seminary building on fifth street, near York, is an imposing structure. It is over half a square in length, is five stories in height and will cost \$100,000. It will be open for use in January and there will be nothing of the kind elsewhere in the South. The largest portion of the money to build it was raised in New York.—Courier Journal.

The Trustees of the Chautauque University have won, at the County

Court at Mayville, N. Y., the test suit against the boarding-house keepers who declined to pay the ten per cent. tax specified in their leases, and, by mutual agreement between the parties, the case will be carried up, at once, to the Supreme Court of the State of New York and a final and satisfactory settlement reached.

Tax Receiver Kohlhorst has levied upon the furniture and fixtures of the hotels doing business in this city, to satisfy claims for city taxes. The hotels claim exemption under an act of the Legislature, and will take legal steps to prevent the collection of taxes by sale or otherwise. The Receiver will advertise the property for sale to-day in order to hasten a judicial settlement of the question.—Courier-Journal.

There are 400 Mormon Bishops in Utah, 1,423 priests, 2,947 teachers, and 5,854 deacons. Salt Lake City is divided into wards of \$5 or 9 blocks each, and a Bishop is put in charge of each ward. Under him there are two teachers, whose business it is to learn the employment and income of every resident of the ward and report the same to the Bishop. Then the Bishop collects the tenth of each man's income and turns it over to the church authorities.

Gov. Caleb W. West, of Utah, has made his annual report to the Government. He estimates the population of the territory at 200,000, and the assessed taxable valuation of property at \$35,865,835. He states that the movement for Statehood was inaugurated by the leaders of the Mormon people; their representatives alone took part in the deliberations of the convention and only that portion of the people favors and supports it. Politically, the Governor believes that neither the Democratic nor Republican party can lay claim to the support of the Mormons.

Every movement should be encouraged that tends to make our prisons and penitentiaries reformatories in the true sense of the word. One such movement is the introduction of the C. I. S. course of reading among the prisoners, and of women as far from being ignorant or stupid. In the State penitentiary at Canon City, Colorado, there were forty who gave three hours a day to this reading, and two-thirds of each week were spent in reviewing the work under a competent teacher. In the State prison at Boise City, Idaho, over thirty have registered as regular students.

Among the conventions in session in various parts of the country last Wednesday were the Cottage Builders and the Agricultural College men, at Washington; the Foreign Missionary Society of the Disciples of Christ, at Indianapolis; the American Architects, at Chicago; the American Street Railway Association, at Philadelphia; the Woman's Temperance Society, at Rochester, N. Y.; the Universalists General Convention, at New York; the Gas Manufacturers, at New York; the Bookmakers, at Chicago; and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, which is holding its twenty-fourth annual session at Chicago.

In July, 1886, W. H. Spunker, an L. & N. engineer, was killed by the explosion of a boiler in the L. & N. yards at Lexington. It was claimed at the time that the engine that blew up was disabled and should have been retired from service long ago, as dangerous to run. The wife of the dead man sued the road for \$25,000 and the case has been pending in the courts for over a year. At one time eleven men of the jury before whom it was tried were for giving the plaintiff \$25,000. At last the case has been compromised by the road's paying \$3,000 damages. Mrs. Spunker lives on Clay and Washington streets.

THIN COLUMN.

Your attention is called to the fact that the THIN COLUMN is supremely thin this week.

Charles G. Franelly, of New York, President of the Horn Silver Mining Co., is the condolator of modesty. His accounts are short only six hundred thousand dollars.

The Rev. George L. Locke, Bristol, R. I., said in an essay in Louisville last week that this is the only prerogative but the duty of every woman to make the most of herself for the benefit of society. "Seems to us we've heard several tirades from the pulpit against society women."

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 9, 1887. Miss _____, Richmond, Ky.

DEAR FRIEND:—I saw a full-length, life-size, oil painting in the art gallery of the State Fair today that was strikingly like you. I was so strongly impressed with the picture, both as a likeness and a work of art, that I proposed to buy it. Upon asking the price, the man quietly replied \$8,000. I thrust my fingers into my vest pocket for the money, but the man was cruel enough to inform me that I would have to see ex-Governor Washington, as the picture belonged to him. I hurried away to the Governor, but he declined to part with this rare treasure, saying that he had purchased it in Italy at the above-named price, and had offered to take that sum but now would not. I expressed my regrets to him, and do so again to you.

Now you no doubt think, to use a common phrase, that I am "unashed" on you, for offering to give \$8,000 for a picture that looks like you, but I beg leave to inform you to the contrary. I expected to sell the picture to Judge Tom Scott for \$10,000.

Very Respectfully,

CONCERNING FARMERS. At the continuation sale of trotters at Lexington, 44 sold for \$10,915; an average of \$248. On Wednesday, 33 sold for \$16,515.

Bowman Brothers, of Lexington, have sold to John Madden, of Bellefont, Pa., Carnival, bay stallion, two years old, by Rummor, dam by Sorcerer, for \$2,000. The same gentleman has bought of St. Louis parties Geneva S, a chestnut mare, four years old, by Mammoth Abtallah, for \$1,500.

County Court day at Winchester, last Monday, drew a large crowd. From 1,000 to 1,200 cattle on the market. Best feeders sold at \$5.50 to \$6.00; fair feeders, \$3.25 to \$3.50. Scrubs were sold at 1 to 2 cents. Good steer calves, \$12 to 15. Most of the stock sold little done in mules. General good feeling.

J. W. CROOKE.

F. B. CROOKE.

CROOKE & SON, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies' Underwear, Gloves.

THEY KEEP EVERYTHING

THAT IS NEW AND DESIRABLE.

-IN THE- DRY GOODS LINE

they sell at the same prices you have to pay for the same Goods

IN ANY EASTERN MARKET.

You cannot buy in New York or Philadelphia the Goods they handle at lower prices than Crooke & Son ask.

Cloaks and Jackets in Large Variety.

GO AND SEE THEM.

26oct 1f.

NEW GROCERY. ELLIS & HIGGINS.

Announce to the public, and especially to that large class who buy groceries, that they have opened a fresh lot of

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES, Queensware, Glassware, Woodenware, TOBACCOES, CIGARS,

And other articles kept in a complete grocery house, at their New Store, on Main Street, nearly opposite Piggy's livery stable.

Ellis & Higgins is not a new firm, but has been in existence for nearly twenty years. They invite all their old friends, and a good share of other people, to call and see them.

New Goods fresh from the cities, New House and New Prices. They have returned to Richmond to sell goods, and mean to sell them. They know how to buy and how to sell, and what the people want. CALL AND SEE THEM. aug 10 1yr

LIVE STOCK MARKET REPORT.

—CORRECTED WEEKLY BY—

WEBER, LOPPER & CO.,

Live Stock Commission Merchants at Cincinnati Union Stock Yards and Covington Stock Yards.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, OCTOBER 24, 1887.

SHIPPING CATTLE.

Good to Extra \$ 4 10 @ 4 50
Fair to Good 3 50 @ 4 00
Common to Fair 2 75 @ 3 00
Good to Extra Oxen 3 50 @ 4 00
Fair to Good Oxen 2 50 @ 3 00
Common and Rough 1 25 @ 2 25

BUTCHER CATTLE.

Good to Extra \$ 3 25 @ 3 75
Fair to Good 2 75 @ 3 25
Common to Fair 2 25 @ 2 75
Good to Extra Cows 2 75 @ 3 25
Fair to Good Cows 2 25 @ 2 75
Common Cows, and Oxen 1 00 @ 1 50

BULLS.

Best Shipping \$ 2 50 @ 2 60
Best Bologna 2 30 @ 2 40
Fair Bologna 2 10 @ 2 25
Fair to Good Feeders 2 00 @ 2 25
Common and Thin 1 25 @ 1 50

FEEDERS AND STOCKERS.

Good Extra Steers \$ 3 00 @ 3 25
Fair to Good Steers 2 50 @ 2 75
Good to Extra Heifers 2 00 @ 2 50
Common and Thin Stockers 1 25 @ 1 50

COWS AND CALVES.

Best Grades \$ 4 50 @ 5 00
Fair to Good 4 00 @ 4 50
Common 3 50 @ 4 00
Best Veal Calves 5 25 @ 5 50
Fair to Good 4 00 @ 4 50
Common and Heavy 2 50 @ 3 50

SPRING LAMBS.

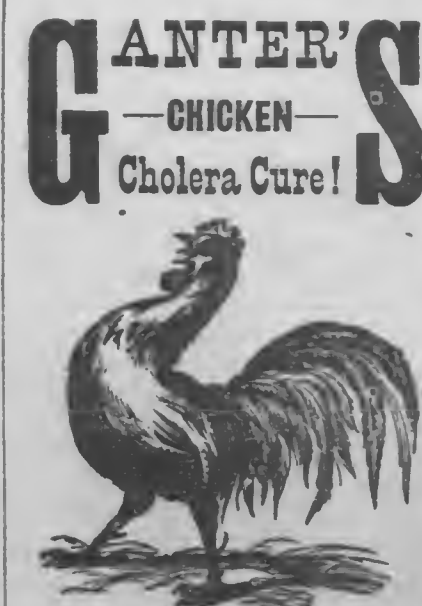
Good Extra Heavy \$ 5 10 @ 5 35
Good Butcher 4 50 @ 5 10
Fair to Good 3 50 @ 4 00
Common and Thin Ends 3 00 @ 3 25

HOGS.

Select Butchers \$ 4 40 @ 4 50
Fair to Good Packers 4 15 @ 4 40
Good to Extra Light 4 25 @ 4 40
Light Pigs 3 50 @ 4 20
Roughs and Scalawags 2 75 @ 3 00

ATTENTION, TOBACCO MEN.

John Sawyers, of Manchester, Ohio, desires to send a crop of tobacco, raise it on the shares or rent the land—10 to 50 acres. He desires to sell it to H. H. Elliott, Cashier, Farmers Bank, Manchester, Mo. Please, Cashier Farmers Bank, Manchester, Mo. Other references given by applying at THE CLIMAX office. oct 12 4f.



Thousands of dollars worth of chickens die every year from Cholera. It is more fatal to chickens than any other disease combined. But the discovery of a remedy that positively cures it has been made, and to be convinced of its efficacy only requires a trial. A 50-cent bottle is enough for one hundred chickens. It is guaranteed. If, after using two-thirds of a bottle, the buyer is not thoroughly satisfied with it as a cure for Chicken Cholera, return it to the undersigned and your money will be refunded.

STOCKTON & WILLIS.
aug 24 1y.

LETTERS

Remainder unclaimed in the Post-office at Richmond, Ky., week ending Oct. 26th, 1887.

Breck, Mary
Dillingham, Anna
Doyle, Miss Lizzie
Turner, C. C. S.
Haul, Mary
Ervin, Hester
Miller, Smith
Rathburn, Anna
Grace
Reil, Georgia
Richardson, John H.
Snow, C. C. S.
White, Belle
Willmore, Margaret

Advertised matter will be held two weeks after date of advertisement, and then if unclaimed will be sent to the dead letter office.

Post office hours from 6 A. M. to 7 P. M. Money order and registered letter hours prompt, 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

J. B. WILLIS, P. M.

STOP AND READ FACTS! UNANSWERABLE FACTS That Are Demonstrated At H. J. STRENG'S Louisville Store!

READ CAREFULLY WHAT YOU CAN DO WITH THE MONEY. REMEMBER THAT CASH WILL BUY THESE GOODS AT THESE PRICES.

Best Standard Calicoes at.....	5c. peryd.
Best Indigo Blue Calicoes at.....	6 1/2c. " "
Best Yard-Wide Heavy Brown Domestic.....	6 1/2c. " "
Good Cotton Flannels at.....	8 1/2c. " "
Good Grey Flannels at.....	20c. " "
Good Red Flannels at.....	20c. " "
Nice Dress Goods at.....	10c. " "
Nice Dress Goods at.....	12 1/2c. " "
Beautiful Dress Goods at.....	25c. " "
White Blankets at.....	\$1.50 a par.
Bed Comforts at.....	75c.
Good Jeans at.....	20c. per yd.
Good Suit of Clothes at.....	\$5.00.
Better Suit of Clothes at.....	6.50.
Better Suit of Clothes at.....	7.50.
Good Overcoat at.....	4.00.
Better Overcoat at.....	5.00.
Women's Shoes at.....	7.50.
Women's Shoes at.....	1.00 a pr.
Boots at.....	1.25 " "
Boots at.....	2.00 " "
Hats at.....	25c.
Hats at.....	75c.
Hats at.....	1.00.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!!

At All Prices and in All Styles.

Remember that these prices are the Rock Bottom Prices for Cash. Our stock is complete and we have a great many goods that we have not enumerated here, but call and see what we have and you will be satisfied that we have the best stock ever in Richmond, sold at prices never before offered. Come and see us and see the great bargains we have.

August 24-1f.
H. J. STRENG,
LOUISVILLE STORE.

P. M. POPE

IS THE AGENT AT RICHMOND, KY., FOR

THE CELEBRATED

WEBSTER

FARM WAGONS.

They are about closing up their business and have on hand over 4,000 of them.

PATENT TRUSS ROD AND TUBULAR AXLE. Manufacture all styles and sizes which they offer at

ESPECIALLY LOW PRICES. All Wagons Warranted For One Year. The Best Material. The Easiest Terms.

Call on Mr. Pope and examine the wagons. Don't buy before doing so.

WEBSTER WAGON CO.

June 22-1f

Library Lamps

AND

Rodgers' Silver-Plated Knives and Forks.

They can not be surpassed in style or workmanship at

The Prices We Quote.

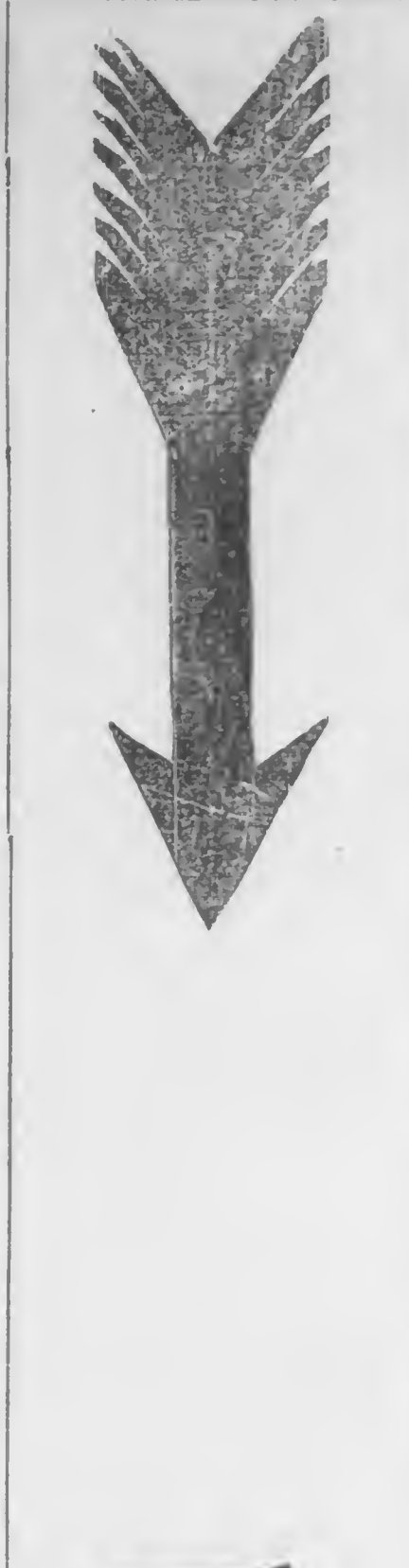
Very best material employed in their manufacture. You Will Like Them if you see them, because you can't help it.

They Are Precisely What You Want. Our stock of Queen's-ware and Glass-ware and especially our DECORATED DINNER and TEA SETS, is full and attractive.

BEST GRADES OF COFFEES, SUGARS, TEAS and other Staple Groceries, also Canned Goods.

L. E. & G. C. FRANCIS.

June 22-1f



OR

2

\$\$\$

ALL

SUBSCRIPTIONS

DUE THE

HERALD,

Which ceased to exist last June, should

AT ONCE

—BE—

PAID

—AT THE—

CLIMAX OFFICE.

Look at the date on the margin of your CLIMAX, just after your name; that is the date to which you are paid. If you owe anything on the Herald, please call and pay it, or send it to us, as the Herald business must be settled. You have had four months in which to pay a dollar or two, and we are sure you do not want any more time.

THE CLIMAX PRINTING CO.

June 22-1f

FOUND

—AT THE—

CASH GROCERY HOUSE

—OF—

J. D.

DYKES,

—ON—

North Second Street

A full and complete stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY

F D WALLACE

E. B. WALLACE,
BUILDER,
—AND—
CONTRACTOR,
—Is prepared to do all kinds of—
BUILDING AND CONTRACT
WORK
—AT THE MOST—
Reasonable Rates
and in the best manner. He is a
thoroughly educated Carpenter
and builder, and those contemplating
building will do well to secure
an estimate from him.
Office at his residence on Hollie
Irvine Street.
July 22-16.

W. D. WEATHERFORD
—DEALER IN FINE—
Whiskies,
Brandies,
Wines,
Cigars, &c.
First Street, Richmond, Ky.
June 22 16.


FOR
MAN
AND
BEAST!
Mexican
Mustang
Liniment
CURES
Scoliosis, | Sprains, | Contusions,
Lumbago, | Spasms, | Rheumatism,
Rheumatism.

Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	2087 V
Stings,	Enclache,	W...
Bites,	Galls,	Swinn...
Bruises,	Sores,	S...
Bunions,	Sparin	P...
Corns,	Cracks.	

applicability. Everybody needs a gun.
The Lumberman needs it to make a log.
The Housewife needs it to get a fish.
The Farmer needs it for his own use.
The Mechanic needs it to carry a load to the beach.
The Soldier needs it as one of his arms.
The Miner needs it to get a coal.
The Farmer needs it in his house, in his field and in his stock yard.
The Steamboatman or the Boatman needs it to liberally supply anchor and harbor.
The Horse-fancier needs it to get a friend and select relations.
The Stick-grower needs it to fill with thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroadman needs it to haul a load as long as his life is a round of accidents and expense.
The Blackwoodman needs it. There is no log like it as an antidote for the danger of rain and comfort for the weary of the forest.
The Merchant needs it about his storehouse and warehouse to keep his goods safe and sound from the cunning Mustang that is wanted to keep a bottle in the house. This is a good use.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. This is a good use of accident save pain and loss of time when wanted.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Storehouse when wanted.

June 20

COUGLAS



The --Butcher
Is prepared to supply his customer
with the best
Steaks.

[illegible]